Although GSA doesn’t have a complete style guide (such as the APA or MLA), the GSA website does provide instructions to authors regarding citations. See the bottom of this website: http://www.geosociety.org/pubs/bulletin/bulGuide5.htm

**In-text citations:**

Thoughts, concepts, images, data, graphs and any other information not our own or “common knowledge” are referenced with direct or parenthetical citations of author and year of publication. Direct quotations are rarely used, and the in-text citation includes the page number in the original work. For example:

In 1889, Howard Cleary demonstrated for the first time that water not only seeks its own level, it tries to go even lower than that. Madison (1897) made the observation that ice is a form of water that does not apparently seek its own level, although it does upon melting. Chalmers (1899, p. 53) replied, “There is little I can do to stop this nonsense.” The controversy continues to this day, even in places as remote as Australia, Newfoundland and western Pennsylvania (Hackett and Smith, 1978; Cleary, 1889).

Each author referred to above should be listed in the References Cited. Every citation in the text must be included in the References Cited, and every citation listed there must be referred to in the text.

Sources with two authors: (Smith and Jones, 2012)
Sources with three or more authors: (Smith et al., 2013) Note that all authors are listed in the references.

**References Cited:**

**Journal Articles**

- Only use author initials, not full first and middle names
- The only capitalized words in the article title are the first word, the first word after a colon, and proper nouns
- All major words are capitalized for the journal title
- Nothing is italicized or underlined.
- Only include a DOI if one is available: DOI may not be available for older articles

| Author, F.M., year, Title of article: Title of Journal, v. #, p. ##-##. doi: 10.####/ |

*Examples:*


Conference Abstracts

Published abstract collections (Mostly GSA, AGU, Goldschmidt, etc.):

| Lastname, F.M., year, Title of abstract: Abstract collection name, v. #, p. ###. |

Examples:


Other conference abstracts:

| Lastname, F.M., year, Title of abstract: Name of Conference. City, State, Abstracts, v. #, p. ###. |

Examples:


Paper in a Government or University Serial Publication

This covers USGS reports, state geological survey reports, etc. A volume number is not always available.

| Lastname, F.M., year, Title of paper: Name of Source, v. #, p. ##-##. |

Examples:


Book

Use this format for books in which the authors are responsible for the entire book. For books in which each chapter has a different author, use the format below for “Paper or Chapter in a multi-author Book.”

Books published in major cities (New York, Chicago, London, Tokyo, etc.) often leave out the state or country.

| Author, F.M., year, Title of book: City, State, Publisher, ### p. |

(### p. = total number of pages in the book)

Example:

Books in a series:
In a series, each book has a separate title and author, but they are published as a group (sometimes over a number of years) and are often given volume numbers. Include the series name and volume number after the publisher:

| Author, F.M., year, Title of book: City, State, Publisher, Series Title, v. #, ### p. |

Examples:


Paper or Chapter in a Multi-author Book
This includes articles from GSA and British Geological Society “Special Papers,” as well as articles from the “Reviews in Mineralogy and Geochemistry” series.

| Author, F.M., year, Paper name, in Author, F.M., ed., Title of book, Volume #: PubCity, State, Publisher, ### p. doi: 10.####/#### |

Examples:


Fieldtrip Guidebook
You can cite an entire guidebook, or a guidebook chapter. If citing an entire guidebook, use the format for a book. Include a DOI if one is available.

| Author, F.M., year, Name of guidebook chapter, in Guidebook name: City, State, Publisher, ### p. doi: 10.####/#### |
Example:


**Proceedings from a Symposium or Conference**
Proceedings are long-form articles based on presentations at a conference. Conference abstracts are brief summaries of presentations.

| Author, F.M., year, Title of paper, *in* Title of Proceedings: City, State, Publisher, p. ## to ##. doi: 10.####/#### |
|---|---|

Example:


**Theses and Dissertations**

| Author, F.M., year, Title of thesis [Ph.D. thesis]: School Name, ### p. doi: 10.####/#### |
|---|---|

Example:

**Webpages**

| Author, F.M., year, Webpage title: URL (accessed Month Year). |
|---|---|

Examples: